

GRAMMAR

PAST SIMPLE TENSE

I. Escriba el PAST SIMPLE de los siguientes verbos:

1. Take took .

7. Find found .

2. Go went .

8. Give gave .

3. Feel felt .

9. Think thought .

4. Eat ate .

10. Read read .

5. Write wrote .

11. Have had .

6. Buy bought .

12. Hear heard .

II. Complete las frases usando el **PAST SIMPLE** de cada uno de los siguientes verbos:

happen	stay	watch	clean	decide	learn
cook	finish	like	stop	open	play

1. The accident **happened** at 10 o'clock.
2. I don't eat cakes, but I **liked** the cake you made very much.
3. The shop **opened** at 9:30 in the morning and closed at 5:00.
4. John **decided** to go to the theatre on Saturday.
5. The programme wasn't very interesting but I **watched** it.
6. Susan **finished** her work and went home.
7. The children **learned** French at school last year.
8. We **played** tennis and I won the match.
9. She **cooked** dinner for her friend last night.
10. The train **stopped** at the station and I got off.
11. My friend **stayed** with me for two weeks.
12. I **cleaned** the car yesterday morning. It was very dirty.

III. Escriba diez frases contándonos qué fue lo que hizo ayer o lo qué ocurrió.

1. _____ .
2. _____ .
3. _____ .
4. _____ .
5. _____ .
6. _____ .
7. _____ .
8. _____ .
9. _____ .
10. _____ .

IV. Complete las siguientes frases poniendo el verbo en su forma negativa.

1. I saw John but I **didn't see** Susan.
2. They learned French but they **didn't learn** English.
3. We made a cake for Jane but we **didn't make** a cake for you.
4. He went to the bank but he **didn't go** to the station.

VIII. Ponga el verbo en la forma correcta del **PAST SIMPLE** (afirmativa, negativa o interrogativa).

1. How **did you make** (you / make) the cake?
2. She **didn't watch** _____ (not / watch) the television yesterday.
3. **Did he find** _____ (he / find) his keys yesterday?
4. I **didn't buy** _____ (not / buy) the dress. It **was** _____ (is) very expensive.
5. He **watched** _____ (watch) the film, but he **didn't like** _____ (not / like) it.

IX. Escriba preguntas usando **who / what / how / why**, etc.

1. He left the house. What time **did he leave** the house?
2. We ate breakfast. What **did you eat** for breakfast?
3. I saw somebody. Who **did you see** _____ ?
4. I went to London on holiday. How **did you go** _____ to London?
5. John arrived home very late. Why **did he arrive** _____ very late?

WAS / WERE (TO BE - SIMPLE PAST)




I. Utilice **am / is / are / was / were** para completar las siguientes frases:

1. Yesterday John **was** at work, but today he **is** at home.
2. The shops **are** open on Saturday mornings.
3. The shoes **are** very expensive.
4. I **am** very tired. I'm going to bed.
5. Why **was** he angry with you last night?
6. Where **is** Susan? I don't know. She **was** in her bedroom five minutes ago.
7. John **is** twenty years old. I **am** only seventeen.
8. They **were** in France last week.
9. **Are** you angry with her?

II. Utilice **was / wasn't / were / weren't** para completar las siguientes frases:

1. The weather **was** very hot yesterday.
2. **Was** the film interesting?
3. The children **weren't** at school yesterday. They **were** ill.
4. I didn't buy the dress. It **wasn't** expensive, but I didn't like it.

III. Where were these people yesterday?

Peter	Sue and Jack	Sue
		
Restaurant	Cinema	Party

1. Peter was in a restaurant.
2. Sue and Jack were at the cinema .
3. Sue was at a party .
4. Where were you yesterday? I _____ .

IV. Escriba preguntas relacionadas con las siguientes frases:

1. I watched the film last night. (Interesting) Was it interesting?
2. I read an English book yesterday. (Difficult?) Was it difficult? .
3. I visited France last summer. (Expensive?) Was it expensive? .
4. I made a cake. (Good?) Was it good? .

LIST OF IRREGULAR VERBS

INFINITIVO	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
be (se / estar)	was / were	been
beat (batir)	beat	beaten
become (volverse)	became	become
begin (empezar)	began	begun
bite (morder)	bit	bitten
blow (soplar)	blew	blown
break (romper)	broke	broken
bring (traer)	brought	brought
build (construir)	built	built
buy (comprar)	bought	bought
catch (coger)	caught	caught
choose (escoger)	chose	chosen
come (venir)	came	come
cost (costar)	cost	cost
cut (cortar)	cut	cut
do (hacer)	did	done
draw (dibujar)	drew	drawn
drink (beber)	drank	drunk
drive (conducir)	drove	driven
eat (comer)	ate	eaten
fall (caer)	fell	fallen
feel (sentir)	felt	felt
fight (luchar)	fought	fought
find (encontrar)	found	found
fly (volar)	flew	flown
forget (olvidar)	forgot	forgotten
get	got	got
give (dar)	gave	given
go (ir)	went	gone
grow (crecer)	grew	grown
hang (colgar)	hung	hung
have (tener)	had	had
hear (oír)	heard	heard
hide (esconder)	hid	hidden
hit (golpear)	hit	hit
hold (sujetar)	held	held
hurt (herir)	hurt	hurt
keep (mantener)	kept	kept
know (saber/conocer)	knew	known

leave (dejar / irse)	left	left
lend (prestar)	lent	lent
let (dejar / permitir)	let	let
lie (tumbarse)	lay	lain
light (encender)	lit	lit
lose (perder)	lost	lost
make (hacer)	made	made
mean (significar)	meant	meant
meet (encontrar)	met	met
pay (pagar)	paid	paid
put (poner)	put	put
read (leer)	read	read
ride (montar)	rode	ridden
ring (sonar / telefonar)	rang	rung
rise (levantar)	rose	risen
run (correr)	ran	run
say (decir)	said	said
see (ver)	saw	seen
sell (vender)	sold	sold
send (enviar)	sent	sent
shine (brillar)	shone	shone
shoot (disparar)	shot	shot
show (mostrar)	showed	shown
shut (cerrar)	shut	shut
sing (cantar)	sang	sung
sit (sentarse)	sat	sat
sleep (dormir)	slept	slept
speak (hablar)	spoke	spoken
spend (gastar / pasar)	spent	spent
stand (estar de pie)	stood	stood
steal (robar)	stole	stolen
swim (nadar)	swam	swum
take (tomar / llevar)	took	taken
teach (enseñar)	taught	taught
tear (rasgar)	tore	torn
tell (decir)	told	told
think (pensar)	thought	thought
throw (tirar)	threw	thrown
understand (entender)	understood	understood

wake (despertar)	woke	woken
wear (llevar puesto)	wore	worn
win (ganar)	won	won
write (escribir)	wrote	written

Estos verbos pueden ser regulares (-ed) o irregulares (-t):

INFINITIVO	PAST SIMPLE / PAST PARTICIPLE
burn (arder)	burned o burnt
learn (aprender)	learned o learnt
dream (soñar)	dreamed o dreamt
smell (oler)	smelled o smelt

PAST CONTINUOUS

Complete the questions. Use **was/were – ing**. Use **what/why/where** if necessary.

1. (you/live) Where were you living in 1990?
2. (you/do) What were you doing at at 2 o'clock?
3. (it/rain) Was it raining when you got up?
4. (Ann/drive) Why was Ann driving so fast?
5. (Tim/wear) Was Tim wearing a suit yesterday?



1. (She/wear) She was wearing a dress last night.



2. (Carol/play) Carol was playing the guitar in the concert?



3. (Bob/read) Was Bob reading a newspaper?



4. (Alison/go) Where was Alison going when John met her?



5. (it/rain) Was it raining this morning?



6. (you do) What were you doing at 2 o'clock?

SOME & ANY

Put in **some** or **any**.

1. I bought some cheese but I didn't buy any bread.
2. I'm going to the post office. I need some stamps.
3. There aren't any shops in this part of town.
4. George and Alice haven't got any children.
5. Have you got any brothers or sisters?
6. There are some beautiful flowers in the garden.
7. Do you know any good hotels in London?
8. "Would you like some tea?"
9. When we were on holiday, we visited some very interesting places.
10. Don't buy any rice. We don't need any
11. I went out to buy some milk but they didn't have any in the shop.
12. I'm thirsty. Can I have some water, please?

Complete the sentences. Use *some* or *any* + one of these words:

air cheese help letters photographs
batteries friends languages milk shampoo

1. I want to wash my hair. Is there any shampoo ?
2. This evening I'm going to write some letters
3. I haven't got my camera, so I can't take any photographs
4. Do you speak any foreign languages ?
5. Yesterday evening I went to a restaurant with some friends of mine.
6. Can I have some milk in my coffee, please?
7. The radio isn't working. There aren't any batteries in it.
8. It's hot in this office. I'm going out for some fresh air
9. "Would you like some cheese ?" "No thank you. I've had enough to eat."
10. I can do this job alone. I don't need any help

Put in **something/somebody/anything/anybody**

1. She said **something** to me but I didn't understand it.
2. "What's wrong?" "There's **something** in my eye"
3. Do you know **anything** about economics?
4. I went to the shop but I didn't buy **anything**
5. **Somebody** has broken the window. I don't know who.
6. There isn't **anything** in the bag. It's empty.
7. I'm looking for my keys. Has **anybody** seen them?
8. Would you like **something** to drink?
9. I didn't eat **anything** because I wasn't hungry.
10. This is a secret. Please don't tell **anybody**